

```
-- Connect Four (TM) GNAPPLET
--
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--
-- Adapted for JVM-GNAT GPL 2009 by Pascal Pignard
-- http://blady.pagesperso-orange.fr
--
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-- modify without restriction. We do ask that you please keep
-- the original author information, and clearly indicate if the
-- software has been modified.
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-- This software is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
-- but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty
-- of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
-----

with Java.Lang.String;  use Java.Lang.String;
with Java;               use Java;
with Java.Applet.Applet; use Java.Applet.Applet;
with Java.Awt.Color;
with Java.Awt.Dimension;
with Java.Awt.Graphics;  use Java.Awt.Graphics;
with Java.Net.Url;
with Java.Awt.Component;
-- The following comments are adapted from the JGNAT Tic-Tac-Toe
-- example program (C) Ada Core Technologies
--
-- * In the Init function of your applet, you need to call
--   Adainit subprogram to elaborate your program. In the
--   case of this applet it's ada_connectfour.adainit.
--
-- To execute the applet, you need to run the Java appletviewer
-- or a Java-capable browser on an html file such as the following:
--
-- <html>
-- <head>
-- <title>Connect Four (TM) Game, written in Ada</title>
-- </head>
--
-- <body>
-- <h1>Built using JVM-GNAT, The Ada 2005 to JVM compiler </h1>
-- <p ALIGN=center>
-- <applet CODEBASE="."
--         CODE="connectfour$typ.class"
--         ARCHIVE="connectfour.jar"
--         WIDTH=500 HEIGHT=300>
-- Sorry, can't show the applet</applet>
-- </p>
-- <hr>
-- </body>
-- </html>
--
-- See the Makefile provided in the directory for this demo
-- for specific details on how to create and run the applet.

package body Connectfour is
-----
-- Local Types & Data --
-----
Num_Rows      : constant Integer := 6;
Num_Columns : constant Integer := 7;
-- Constants for the board size
```

```
type Player_Kind is (None, Computer, User);
-- None means that neither the computer, nor the user have selected that
-- circle, Computer indicates that the circle has been selected by the
-- computer and User means that the circle has been selected by the user.

-- data type for the Connect Four board
type Board_Array_Type is array (1 .. Num_Rows, 1 .. Num_Columns) of Player_Kind;

-- This image is used for double-buffering. See the update
-- method.
Off_Screen_Buffer : access Java.Awt.Image.Typ'Class;
use type Java.Awt.Image.Ref;

-- globals that maintain state
Board           : Board_Array_Type; -- the current board

-- Is the game over, and if so who won?
Computer_Won   : Boolean        := False;
User_Won       : Boolean        := False;
Tie            : Boolean        := False;

-- if user clicks in full column, computer should not take a turn
-- Also computer should not take turn if user wins or tie.
Ignore_Turn    : Boolean        := False;

-- The following constants are used to define the layout of the
-- board. They define the horizontal and vertical spacing of the
-- circles drawn on the screen.

Ytop          : constant := 20; -- highest pos on screen
Ybottom       : constant := 279; -- lowest pos on screen
Xleft         : constant := 0;  -- leftmost pos on screen
Xright        : constant := 499; -- rightmost pos on screen
Title_Offset  : constant := 4;   -- left move from center of column
Title_Height  : constant := 12;  -- height of column numbers

-- Both horizontally and vertically, there are circles and intervals
-- (or spaces) between the circles.
-- If there is half an interval on the left and right ends, then
-- there are 7 full intervals (because there are 6 full intervals
-- not counting the ends) horizontally
-- Now, assuming the intervals are 1/4th as wide as the circles
-- (The 1/4th is completely arbitrary),
-- then we need 7 + 7/4 (8 3/4) circles worth of space across the
-- screen.

Circle_Width : constant Float := Float (Xright - Xleft + 1) / 8.75;
X_Space       : constant Float := Float (Xright - Xleft + 1) / 7.0;
-- the horizontal space between circle centers

X_First       : constant Integer := Xleft + Integer (0.625 * Circle_Width);
-- the first x coordinate is to the middle of the first circle,
-- which is 1/8 circle size + 1/2 circle size (5/8)

-- Similarly, vertically there will be 6 full intervals, and again
-- assuming an interval is 1/4 as tall as the space for the circle,
-- we get 6 + 6/4 (7 1/2) circles vertically on the screen
Circle_Height : constant Float   := Float (Ybottom - Ytop + 1) / 7.5;

Y_Space       : constant Float   := Float (Ybottom - Ytop + 1) / 6.0;
Y_First       : constant Integer := Ytop + Integer (0.625 * Circle_Height);

-- column_breaks holds the x coordinates where the transition from
-- one column to the next occurs
-- That is, column_breaks(1) is the rightmost x coordinate where
-- you can click and still be in column 1

type Column_Breaks_Array_Type is array (1 .. Num_Columns) of Integer;
```

```
Column_Breaks : constant Column_Breaks_Array_Type := (
    Integer (1.25 * Circle_Width),
    Integer (2.5 * Circle_Width),
    Integer (3.75 * Circle_Width),
    Integer (5.00 * Circle_Width),
    Integer (6.25 * Circle_Width),
    Integer (7.5 * Circle_Width),
    Integer (8.75 * Circle_Width));

-----
-- Initialize_Board --
-----

-- Initializes board to all none

procedure Initialize_Board (
    Board : out Board_Array_Type ) is
begin
    Board := (others => (others => None));
end Initialize_Board;

-----
-- Name : Place_Disk
-- Description : Determines the row in the given column at which
--                 who's disk should be placed (in the lowest empty
--                 row, where a lower row has a higher index). Puts
--                 who at that row/column in the board, then calls
--                 Draw_Position to update the screen.
--


procedure Place_Disk (
    Board : in out Board_Array_Type;
    Column : in Integer;
    Row   : out Integer;
    Who   : in Player_Kind           ) is

begin
    Row := 1;

    -- starting at the top, loop until you find an non-empty row
    -- in this column
    while ( Row <= Num_Rows ) and then
        ( Board(Row,Column) = None ) loop
        Row := Row + 1;
    end loop;
    -- the new disk will be placed just above the first non-empty row
    Row := Row - 1;

    -- place the disk
    Board(Row, Column) := Who;
end Place_Disk;

-----
-- Check_Won --
-----


-- Checks to see if Who won

procedure Check_Won (
    Board : in Board_Array_Type;
    Who   : in Player_Kind;
    Won   : out Boolean            ) is
begin
    -- Set Won to false
    Won := False;

    -- Loop through all rows
    for Row in Board'Range(1) loop
```

```
--      Loop through all columns
for Column in Board'Range(2) loop

    --          (checking row to the right)
    --          If column <= Num_Columns - 3
if ( Column <= Num_Columns - 3 ) then

    --          If current location and row, column+1;
    --          row, column+2; and
    --          row, column+3 belong to who
    if ( Board(Row, Column) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row, Column + 1) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row, Column + 2) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row, Column + 3) = Who ) then

        --          Set Won to true
        Won := True;

    end if;

end if;

--          (checking column down)
--          If row <= Num_Rows - 3
if ( Row <= Num_Rows - 3 ) then

    --          If current location and row+1, column;
    --          row+2, column; and
    --          row+3, column belong to who
    if ( Board(Row, Column) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row + 1, Column) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row + 2, Column) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row + 3, Column) = Who ) then

        --          Set Won to true
        Won := True;

    end if;

end if;

--          (checking diagonal up to right)
--          If row >= 4 and column <= Num_Columns - 3
if ( Row >= 4 ) and
    ( Column <= Num_Columns - 3 ) then

    --          If current location and row-1, column+1;
    --          row-2, column+2;
    --          and row-3, column+3 belong to who
    if ( Board(Row, Column) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row - 1, Column + 1) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row - 2, Column + 2) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row - 3, Column + 3) = Who ) then

        --          Set Won to true
        Won := True;

    end if;

end if;

--          (checking diagonal down to right)
--          If row <= Num_Rows - 3 and column <= Num_Columns - 3
if ( Row <= Num_Rows - 3 ) and
    ( Column <= Num_Columns - 3 ) then

    --          If current location and row+1, column+1;
    --          row+2, column+2;
    --          and row+3, column+3 belong to who
    if ( Board(Row, Column) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row + 1, Column + 1) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row + 2, Column + 2) = Who ) and
        ( Board(Row + 3, Column + 3) = Who ) then
```

```
-- Set Won to true
Won := True;

end if;

end if;

end loop;

end loop;

end Check_Won;

-----
-- Check_Tie --
-----

-- Checks to see if the game has ended in a tie (all columns are full)

procedure Check_Tie (
    Board : in Board_Array_Type;
    Is_Tie : out Boolean) is

begin
    -- Set Is_Tie to True
    Is_Tie := True;

    -- If we find any row with top column empty, then
    -- it is NOT a tie.
    for Index in Board'Range(2) loop
        if (Board(1,Index) = None) then
            Is_Tie := False;
        end if;
    end loop;

end Check_Tie;

-----
-- Computer_Turn --
-----

-- Uses lookahead and live tuple heuristic

procedure Computer_Turn (
    Board : in Board_Array_Type;
    Column : out Integer) is

Lookahead_Depth : constant Integer := 5;
type Column_Breaks_Array_Type is array (1 .. Num_Columns) of Integer;

type Value_Type is --need two ties for symmetry
    (Illegal,
     Win_For_User,
     Tie_For_User,
     Unknown,
     Tie_For_Computer,
     Win_For_Computer);

type Value_Array_Type is array (1 .. Num_Columns) of Value_Type;

-----
-- Make_New_Board --
-----

procedure Make_New_Board (
    New_Board : out Board_Array_Type;
    Board : in Board_Array_Type;
    Who : Player_Kind;
    Column : Integer) is
    Row : Integer;
```

```
begin
    New_Board := Board;
    Place_Disk(New_Board,Column,Row,Who);
end Make_New_Board;

-----
-- Find_Best_Result --
-----

function Find_Best_Result (
    Evaluations : in      Value_Array_Type;
    Who          :         Player_Kind        )
return Value_Type is
    Best_Result : Value_Type;
begin
    if Who = Computer then
        --find "largest" move
        Best_Result := Win_For_User;
        for I in Evaluations'range loop
            if Evaluations(I) > Best_Result and Evaluations(I) /= Illegal
                then
                    Best_Result := Evaluations(I);
            end if;
        end loop;
    else
        --Who = User, find "smallest" move
        Best_Result := Win_For_Computer;
        for I in Evaluations'range loop
            if Evaluations(I) < Best_Result and Evaluations(I) /= Illegal
                then
                    Best_Result := Evaluations(I);
            end if;
        end loop;
    end if;
    return Best_Result;
end Find_Best_Result;

-----
-- Weighting_Function --
-----

function Weighting_Function (
    Arg : in      Integer )
return Integer is
begin
    return(Arg*Arg*Arg);
    --use cubic for now
end Weighting_Function;

-----
-- Evaluate_Unknown_Board --
-----

function Evaluate_Unknown_Board (
    Board : in      Board_Array_Type )
return Integer is
    Owner          : Player_Kind;
    Cell           : Player_Kind;
    User_Count,
    Computer_Count,
    Board_Value    : Integer;
    Dead           : Boolean;
begin
    Board_Value := 0;

    for Row in Board'range(1) loop
        for Column in Board'range(2) loop
            --          (checking horizontal tuples)
```

```
if ( Column <= Num_Columns - 3 ) then
    Owner := None;
    User_Count := 0;
    Computer_Count := 0;
    Dead := False;
    for I in 0..3 loop
        Cell := Board(Row, Column+I);
        if Owner = None and Cell /= None then
            Owner := Cell;
        end if;
        if (Cell = User and Owner = Computer) or (Cell
            = Computer and Owner = User) then
            User_Count := 0;
            Computer_Count := 0;
            Dead := True;
        end if;
        if Cell = User and not Dead then
            User_Count := User_Count+1;
        elsif
            Cell = Computer and not Dead then
                Computer_Count := Computer_Count+1;
        end if;
    end loop;

    -- Computer count is positive, User count is negative so
    -- that larger values are better for computer

    Board_Value := Board_Value + Weighting_Function(
        Computer_Count) -
        Weighting_Function(User_Count);

end if;

--          (checking vertical tuples)

if ( Row <= Num_Rows - 3 ) then
    Owner := None;
    User_Count := 0;
    Computer_Count := 0;
    Dead := False;

    for I in 0..3 loop
        Cell := Board(Row+I, Column);
        if Owner = None and Cell /= None then
            Owner := Cell;
        end if;
        if (Cell = User and Owner = Computer) or (Cell
            = Computer and Owner = User) then
            User_Count := 0;
            Computer_Count := 0;
            Dead := True;
        end if;
        if Cell = User and not Dead then
            User_Count := User_Count+1;
        elsif
            Cell = Computer and not Dead then
                Computer_Count := Computer_Count+1;
        end if;
    end loop;
    Board_Value := Board_Value + Weighting_Function(
        Computer_Count) -
        Weighting_Function(User_Count);
end if;

--          (checking diagonal tuples up to right)

if ( Row >= Num_Rows/2+1 and Column <= Num_Columns-
    3 ) then
    Owner := None;
    User_Count := 0;
    Computer_Count := 0;
    Dead := False;
```

```
for I in 0..3 loop
    Cell := Board(Row-I, Column+I);
    if Owner = None and Cell /= None then
        Owner := Cell;
    end if;
    if (Cell = User and Owner = Computer) or (Cell
        = Computer and Owner = User) then
        User_Count := 0;
        Computer_Count := 0;
        Dead := True;
    end if;
    if Cell = User and not Dead then
        User_Count := User_Count+1;
    elsif
        Cell = Computer and not Dead then
            Computer_Count := Computer_Count+1;
    end if;
end loop;
Board_Value := Board_Value + Weighting_Function(
    Computer_Count) -
    Weighting_Function(User_Count);
end if;

--          (Checking diagonal tuples down to right)

if (Row <= Num_Rows - 3) and (Column <= Num_Columns
    -3) then
    Owner := None;
    User_Count := 0;
    Computer_Count := 0;
    Dead := False;

for I in 0..3 loop
    Cell := Board(Row+I, Column+I);
    if Owner = None and Cell /= None then
        Owner := Cell;
    end if;
    if (Cell = User and Owner = Computer) or (Cell
        = Computer and Owner = User) then
        User_Count := 0;
        Computer_Count := 0;
        Dead := True;
    end if;
    if Cell = User and not Dead then
        User_Count := User_Count+1;
    elsif
        Cell = Computer and not Dead then
            Computer_Count := Computer_Count+1;
    end if;
end loop;
Board_Value := Board_Value + Weighting_Function(
    Computer_Count) -
    Weighting_Function(User_Count);
end if;

end loop;

end loop;

return Board_Value;
end Evaluate_Unknown_Board;

-----
-- Evaluate_Board --
-----

function Evaluate_Board (
    Board           : in      Board_Array_Type;
    Who_Just_Moved : in      Player_Kind;
    Current_Depth  : in      Integer
) return Value_Type is
    Computer_Won,
```

```

User_Won,
Is_Tie      : Boolean;
Value       : Value_Type;
Who_Moves_Next : Player_Kind;
New_Board    : Board_Array_Type;
Evaluations   : Value_Array_Type;
begin
  Check_Won (
    Board => Board,
    Who    => Computer,
    Won    => Computer_Won);
  if not Computer_Won then
    Check_Won(
      Board => Board,
      Who    => User,
      Won    => User_Won);
    if not User_Won then
      Check_Tie(Board,Is_Tie);
    end if;
  end if;
  if Computer_Won then
    Value := Win_For_Computer;
  elsif
    User_Won then
      Value := Win_For_User;
  elsif
    Is_Tie and Who_Just_Moved = User then
      Value := Tie_For_User;
  elsif
    Is_Tie and Who_Just_Moved = Computer then
      Value := Tie_For_Computer;
  elsif
    Current_Depth = 1 then
      Value := Unknown;
  else
    --Not a terminal node or end of lookahead, so recurse
    if Who_Just_Moved = Computer then
      Who_Moves_Next := User;
    else
      Who_Moves_Next := Computer;
    end if;

    for Col in Evaluations'range loop
      Evaluations(Col) := Illegal;
    end loop;

    for Col in Board'range(2) loop
      if Board(1,Col) = None then
        Make_New_Board(New_Board,Board,Who_Moves_Next,Col);
        Evaluations(Col) := Evaluate_Board(
          New_Board,Who_Moves_Next,Current_Depth-1);

        --a/b pruning
        exit when Evaluations(Col) = Win_For_Computer and
          Who_Moves_Next = Computer;

        exit when Evaluations(Col) = Win_For_User and
          Who_Moves_Next = User;

        else
          Evaluations(Col) := Illegal;
        end if;
      end loop;
      Value := Find_Best_Result(Evaluations, Who_Moves_Next);
    end if;

    return Value;
  end Evaluate_Board;

```

```
-- Find_Best_Move --
-----
function Find_Best_Move (
    Evaluations : in      Value_Array_Type;
    Who         :          Player_Kind        ) 
return Integer is
    Best_Move  : Integer;
    Best_Result : Value_Type;
begin
    if Who = Computer then
        --find "largest" move
        Best_Result := Win_For_User;
        for I in Evaluations'range loop
            if Evaluations(I) > Best_Result and Evaluations(I) /= Illegal
                then
                    Best_Result := Evaluations(I);
                    Best_Move := I;
            end if;
        end loop;
    else
        --Who = User, find "smallest" move
        Best_Result := Win_For_Computer;
        for I in Evaluations'range loop
            if Evaluations(I) < Best_Result and Evaluations(I) /= Illegal
                then
                    Best_Result := Evaluations(I);
                    Best_Move := I;
            end if;
        end loop;
    end if;
    return Best_Move;
end Find_Best_Move;

-----  
-- Find_All_Unknowns --
-----
procedure Find_All_Unknowns (
    Evaluations : in      Value_Array_Type;
    Moves       : out     Column_Breaks_Array_Type;
    Count       : out     Integer           ) is
begin
    Count := 0;
    for I in Evaluations'range loop
        if Evaluations(I) = Unknown then
            Count := Count + 1;
            Moves(Count) := I;
        end if;
    end loop;
end Find_All_Unknowns;

--variables and body for "Computer_Turn"
New_Board      : Board_Array_Type;
Evaluations   : Value_Array_Type;
Moves_To_Unknown : Column_Breaks_Array_Type;
Count_Unknowns : Integer;
Value,
Max_Value,
Best_Move     : Integer;
begin
    Evaluations := (others => Illegal);

    for Col in Board'range(2) loop
        if Board(1,Col) = None then
            Make_New_Board(New_Board,Board,Computer,Col);
```

```
Evaluations(Col) := Evaluate_Board(New_Board,Computer,
    Lookahead_Depth);

    --a/b pruning

    exit when Evaluations(Col) = Win_For_Computer;

    else
        Evaluations(Col) := Illegal;
    end if;
end loop;

Column := Find_Best_Move(Evaluations,Computer);

--Check if trapped, if so take best move at shallower depth
--and hope for a mistake

if Evaluations(Column) = Win_For_User then
    for Col in Board'range(2) loop
        if Board(1,Col) = None then
            Make_New_Board(New_Board,Board,Computer,Col);
            Evaluations(Col) := Evaluate_Board(New_Board,Computer,2);
        else
            Evaluations(Col) := Illegal;
        end if;
    end loop;
    Column := Find_Best_Move(Evaluations,Computer);
elsif Evaluations(Column) = Unknown then

    --If choosing from multiple unknown boards, apply heuristics. This
    --is where most of the strategy is.

    Find_All_Unknowns(Evaluations,Moves_To_Unknown,Count_Unknowns);

    Max_Value := -1000;
    for I in 1..Count_Unknowns loop
        Make_New_Board(New_Board,Board,Computer,Moves_To_Unknown
            (I));
        Value := Evaluate_Unknown_Board(New_Board);
        if Value > Max_Value then
            Max_Value := Value;
            Best_Move := Moves_To_Unknown(I);
        end if;
    end loop;

    --unknown boards

    Column := Best_Move;
end if;
--picking from multiple unknown boards

exception
    when others =>
        Column := 1;
        loop
            exit when Board(1,Column) = None;
            Column := Column + 1;
        end loop;
end Computer_Turn;

-----
-- Init --
-----

procedure Init (
    This : access Typ ) is
    procedure Adainit;
    pragma Import (Ada, Adainit, "ada_connectfour.adainit");
begin
    Adainit;
    -- The above call is needed for elaboration
```

```
Addmouselistener (This, This.I_Mouselistener);
Initialize_Board(Board => Board);
Computer_Won := False;
User_Won     := False;
Tie          := False;
Ignore_Turn  := False;
This.User_Turn := True;
Showstatus(This, +
            "Connect Four (TM) by Barry Fagin and Martin Carlisle");
end Init;

-----
-- Paint --
-----

procedure Paint (
    This : access Typ;
    G1  : access Java.Awt.Graphics.Typ'Class ) is
    D   : access Java.Awt.Dimension.Typ'Class := Getsize (This);
    Xoff : Int           := D.Width / 3;
    Yoff : Int           := D.Height / 3;
-----
-- procedure Display_Text
--
-- display text in black at the given coordinates
-----
procedure Display_Text (
    X   : in Integer;
    Y   : in Integer;
    Text : in String  ) is
begin
    Setcolor(G1,Java.Awt.Color.Black);
    Drawstring(G1,+Text,X,Y);
end Display_Text;

-----
-- procedure Draw_Line
--
-- display line in given color at the given coordinates
-----
procedure Draw_Line (
    X1  : in Integer;
    Y1  : in Integer;
    X2  : in Integer;
    Y2  : in Integer;
    Hue :      access Java.Awt.Color.Typ'Class ) is
begin
    Setcolor(G1,Hue);
    Drawline(G1,X1,Y1,X2,Y2);
end Draw_Line;

-----
-- procedure Draw_Circle
--
-- Draw a circle of the given color with given center
-- and radius. Will be filled based on filled parameter
-----
procedure Draw_Circle (
    X     : in Integer;
    Y     : in Integer;
    Radius : in Integer;
    Hue   :      access Java.Awt.Color.Typ'Class;
    Filled : in Boolean        ) is
begin
    Setcolor(G1,Hue);
    if Filled then
        Filloval(G1,X-Radius,Y-Radius,2*Radius,2*Radius);
    else
        Drawoval(G1,X-Radius,Y-Radius,2*Radius,2*Radius);
    end if;
end Draw_Circle;
```

```
-- procedure Draw_Box
--
-- display rectangle in given color at the given coordinates
-- will be filled (vs. outline only) based on filled parameter
-----
procedure Draw_Box (
    X1      : in      Integer;
    Y1      : in      Integer;
    X2      : in      Integer;
    Y2      : in      Integer;
    Hue     :        access Java.Awt.Color.Typ'Class;
    Filled  : in      Boolean ) is
begin
    Setcolor(G1,Hue);
    if Filled then
        Fillrect(G1,X1,Y1,X2-X1,Y2-Y1);
    else
        Drawrect(G1,X1,Y1,X2-X1,Y2-Y1);
    end if;
end Draw_Box;

-----
-- Name : Draw_Position
-- Description : Draws a disk with the appropriate color for the
--               given player at the given row and column
--

-----
procedure Draw_Position (
    Who     : in      Player_Kind;
    Row    : in      Integer;
    Column : in      Integer ) is
    -- for later
    Color   :        access Java.Awt.Color.Typ'Class;
    -- color of disk
    Circle_Radius :        Integer;
    -- radius of disk
begin
    -- Determine radius based on minimum of possible height/width
    if Circle_Width < Circle_Height then
        Circle_Radius := Integer(Circle_Width * 0.5);
    else
        Circle_Radius := Integer(Circle_Height * 0.5);
    end if;

    -- Determine color of disk
    case Who is
        when None =>
            Color := Java.Awt.Color.White;
        when Computer =>
            Color := Java.Awt.Color.Red;
        when User =>
            Color := Java.Awt.Color.Blue;
    end case;

    Draw_Circle(
        X      => X_First + Integer(Float(Column - 1) * X_Space),
        Y      => Y_First + Integer(Float(Row - 1) * Y_Space),
        Radius => Circle_Radius,
        Hue    => Color,
        Filled => True);
end Draw_Position;

-----
-- Name : Print_Board
-- Description : Prints the board for the start of the game. This
```

```
--           procedure should NOT be called repeatedly. Rather,
--           this procedure is called once to draw the game board,
--           then draw_position is used to add player's disks as
--           the game progresses.
--



-----



procedure Print_Board (
    Board : in      Board_Array_Type ) is
begin
    -- change the screen color if the game is over.
    if User_Won or Tie then
        Draw_Box(
            X1      => 0,
            Y1      => 0,
            X2      => 499,
            Y2      => 299,
            Hue     => Java.Awt.Color.Pink,
            Filled  => True);
    elsif Computer_Won then
        Draw_Box(
            X1      => 0,
            Y1      => 0,
            X2      => 499,
            Y2      => 299,
            Hue     => Java.Awt.Color.gray,
            Filled  => True);
    else
        Draw_Box(
            X1      => 0,
            Y1      => 0,
            X2      => 499,
            Y2      => 299,
            Hue     => Java.Awt.Color.Lightgray,
            Filled  => True);
    end if;

    --      Print column numbers
    for Column in 1 .. Num_Columns loop
        Display_Text(
            X      => X_First + Integer (Float (Column - 1) * X_Space) -
Title_Offset,
            Y      => Title_Height,
            Text  => Character'Val (Column + 48) & "");
        -- Draw vertical line between columns
        if Column < Num_Columns then
            Draw_Line(
                X1  => Column_Breaks (Column),
                Y1  => Ytop,
                X2  => Column_Breaks (Column),
                Y2  => Ybottom,
                Hue => Java.Awt.Color.Black);
        end if;
        for Row in 1 .. Num_Rows loop
            Draw_Position(
                Who    => Board (Row, Column),
                Row    => Row,
                Column => Column);
        end loop;
    end loop;

    -- Print message if the game is over
    if Computer_Won then
        Display_Text(
            X      => 0,
            Y      => 285,
            Text  => "I win! - Press left mouse button");
    elsif Tie then
        Display_Text(
            X      => 0,
            Y      => 285,
```

```
        Text => "Tie Game! - Press Left Mouse Button");
    elsif User_Won then
        Display_Text(
            X      => 0,
            Y      => 285,
            Text   => "You win! - Press left mouse button");
    end if;
end Print_Board;

begin
    Print_Board(Board);
end Paint;

-----
-- procedure Update
--
-- uses an off screen image to double
-- buffer, thus smoothing drawing.
-----

procedure Update (
    This : access Typ;
    G    : access Java.Awt.Graphics.Typ'Class ) is
    Gr : access Java.Awt.Graphics.Typ'Class;
    Ignore : Java.Boolean;
begin
    -- need to allocate Off_Screen_Buffer only once
    if Off_Screen_Buffer = null then
        Off_Screen_Buffer := CreateImage(This, 500, 300);
    end if;

    -- draw into the offscreen buffer
    Gr := Java.Awt.Image.GetGraphics(Off_Screen_Buffer);
    Paint (This, Gr);

    -- copy offscreen buffer onto applet window
    Ignore := Java.Awt.Graphics.DrawImage(
        G,
        Off_Screen_Buffer,
        0,
        0,
        This.I_ImageObserver);
end Update;

-----
-- GetAppletInfo --
-----

function Getappletinfo (
    This : access Typ )
    return Java.Lang.String.Ref is
begin
    return +("This Connect Four (TM) game was coded in Ada 2005, "
        & "and compiled with the JVM-GNAT compiler");
end Getappletinfo;

-----
-- mouseReleased --
-----

procedure Mousereleased (
    This : access Typ;
    E    : access Java.Awt.Event.Mouseevent.Typ'Class ) is
    X      : Int          := Java.Awt.Event.Mouseevent.Getx (E);
    Y      : Int          := Java.Awt.Event.Mouseevent.Gety (E);
    D      : access Java.Awt.Dimension.Typ'Class := Getsize (This);
    Column,
    Row   : Integer;
begin
    -- need to do this before checking won, since we use
    -- this for user won.
    if Ignore_Turn then
```

```
        return;
    end if;

    if User_Won or Computer_Won or Tie then
        Initialize_Board(Board => Board);
        Computer_Won := False;
        User_Won     := False;
        Tie          := False;
        Ignore_Turn  := False;
        if This.User_Turn then
            This.User_Turn := False;
            Showstatus(This, +"I am thinking...");  

            -- Let computer take turn
            Computer_Turn (
                Board => Board,
                Column => Column);

            -- Place computer disk in the column
            Place_Disk (
                Board => Board,
                Column => Column,
                Who    => Computer,
                Row    => Row);
        else
            This.User_Turn := True;
        end if;
        Repaint(This);
        Showstatus(This, +
                    "Connect Four (TM) by Barry Fagin and Martin Carlisle");
        return;
    end if;

    Showstatus(This, +"I am thinking...");  

    -- Let computer take turn
    Computer_Turn (
        Board => Board,
        Column => Column);

    -- Place computer disk in the column
    Place_Disk (
        Board => Board,
        Column => Column,
        Who    => Computer,
        Row    => Row);
    -- Check if computer won
    Check_Won (
        Board => Board,
        Who    => Computer,
        Won    => Computer_Won);

    -- Check for a Tie
    Check_Tie (
        Board => Board,
        Is_Tie => Tie);
    Repaint(This);
    Showstatus(This, +
                    "Connect Four (TM) by Barry Fagin and Martin Carlisle");
end Mousereleased;

-----
-- mousePressed --
-----

procedure Mousepressed (
    This : access Typ;
    E   : access Java.Awt.Event.Mouseevent.Typ'Class ) is
    X   : Int           := Java.Awt.Event.Mouseevent.Getx (E);
    Y   : Int           := Java.Awt.Event.Mouseevent.Gety (E);
    D   : access Java.Awt.Dimension.Typ'Class := Getsize (This);
```

```
Column,
Row    : Integer;
begin
  -- don't place disk if game over
  if User_Won or Computer_Won or Tie then
    Ignore_Turn := False;
    return;
  end if;

  -- look to see if this is a valid click location
  -- if not, just ignore this click.
  Column := -1;
  for I in Board'range(2) loop
    if X <= Column_Breaks(I) then
      if Board(1,I) = None then
        Column := I;
      end if;
      exit;
    end if;
  end loop;
  if Column <= 0 then
    Ignore_Turn := True;
    return;
  else
    Ignore_Turn := False;
  end if;

  -- Place user disk in the column
  Place_Disk (
    Board  => Board,
    Column => Column,
    Who    => User,
    Row    => Row);
  -- Check if user won
  Check_Won (
    Board => Board,
    Who   => User,
    Won   => User_Won);
  Check_Tie (
    Board  => Board,
    Is_Tie => Tie);
  if User_Won or Tie then
    Ignore_Turn := True;
  else
    Showstatus(This, +"I am thinking...");
  end if;
  Repaint(This);
end Mousepressed;

-- The functions below do nothing, but are required to override the ones
-- defined in the interface we are implementing (when they abstract).
-- Otherwise, the JVM would complain.

-----
-- mouseClicked --
-----

procedure Mouseclicked (
  This : access Typ;
  P1   : access Java.Awt.Event.Mouseevent.Typ'Class ) is
begin
  null;
end Mouseclicked;

-----
-- mouseEntered --
-----

procedure Mouseentered (
  This : access Typ;
  P1   : access Java.Awt.Event.Mouseevent.Typ'Class ) is
begin
  null;
```

```
end Mouseentered;

-----
-- mouseExited --
-----

procedure Mouseexited (
    This : access Typ;
    P1   : access Java.Awt.Event.Mouseevent.Typ'Class ) is
begin
    null;
end Mouseexited;

end Connectfour;
```